(c) how much penal interest was col lected by all banks during the year 1993-94; and

(d) whether Government propose to reduce the rate of penal interest?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) and (b) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has prescribed minimum lending rates for different category of loans and advances and banks are free to charge rate of interest based on, among others, the credit worthiness of the borrowers. Thus there could be instances of varied rate of interest being charged by the banks. However, the rate of penal interest that can be changed by banks is restricted upto two per cent over and above the normal/usual rate of interest on advances applicable to the respective borrowers. No penal interest is charged for loan upto Rs. 25.000/- under priority sector.

(c) RBI has reported that the aggregate quantum of penal interest collected by all banks in the year 1993-94 is not available with them since there is no prescribed return/statement to collect such information from banks.

(d) RBI has no proposal for reducing the rate of penal interest at present.

Fending loan applications in banks in Nagpur

1960. DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) how many loan applications are pending in various Banks in Nagpur district of Maharashtra and since when;

(b) what arc the reasons for delay in disposing of these applications; and

(c) what steps are being taken to make an early disposal of these pending applications ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI M. V. CHANDRASHEKHAR MURTHY): (a) to (c) The reporting system of data (Ties not genrate district-wise/State-wise/ region-wise information regarding number of applications received, number of applications rejected and the number of applications under consideration. However, Reserve Bank of India (RBI)'s guidelines for providing advances to priority sector issued to all banks, interalia, provide that all the loan applications upto a credit limit of Rs. 25,000/- should be disposed of within a fortatnight and those over Rs. 25,000/- within eight to nine weeks. The loan applications are received by the bank branches directly from applicants or through some State sponsored agencies, and are sanctioned accordingly. Any complaint received by the banks regarding delays in disbursement of loans or harassment of borrowers by any middleman in investigated by them with a view to take remedial action.

Grievance of Kashmir) migrant employees of Ellaquai Dehat Bank

1961. SHRI JAGMOHAN: Will the Minister of FINANCE by pleased to state:

fa) whether Government have not yet redressed the long standing grievances of the Kashmiri migrant employees of the Ellaquai Dehati Bank;

(b) whether Government are aware of the continued hardship of 192 employees, consequent to separation from their fami lies and non-payment of salaries;

(c) whether, the proposal to merge Ellaquai Dehati Bank with the State Bank of India has been stalled, despite Government's sympathetic attitude, by the Management of the Bank;

(d) whether in the alternative. Govern-ment are considering permanent adjustment of the 192 Kashmiri migrant-employees in various branches of the Stale Bank of India so as to enable these employees to live with their families which have suffered due to the terrorism in Kashmir;

(e) whether Government have employed 300 persons from the valley of Kashmir in the State Bank of India by relaxing the normal procedure of recruitment; and